Pedigree of Douglas.

ARMS.—A chevron gules, transversely surmounted by an arrow and surmounted by a crescent, on a chief...three mullets.

CREST.—A Dexter arm gules, holding a short sword.

Motto.—Sublimus est Verus.

WALTER DOUGLAS, Major in the Army, Gov. of Leeward Islands 1710-11, till his supersession Aug. 1715; lived in London 1717 and 1724; owned 250 acres on St. Christopher's. He retired to France, where he had a son Charles and a dau. Francesca Theresa, who were both living 1755.

ARMS.—Fruity.

Island 1719.

A son, born 26 March 1751.

A dau, born 25 May 1755.

A dau, died 21 April 1776, m. 10.

1672, April 17. Walter Douglas of Antigua, planter, sells to William Jones of Antigua, planter, 10 acres in the Road Division.

1710-11, March 24. Major Walter Douglas is to succeed Governor Petch, and his commission and instructions are ordered to be drawn out.

One of his letters, dated 20 July 1711, bears a small seal with these arms:...a heart transversely surmounted by an arrow and surmounted by a crescent, on a chief...three mullets.

In 1712 he used a very large seal in the same style as, and apparently copied from Governor Petch's. In the centre is his single coat of arms, surmounted by his crest, a dexter arm couching holding a short sword, the whole backed by military trophies, probably having reference to the Duke of Marlborough's victories. He was succeeded on 12 Aug. 1713, when Walter Hamilton was appointed Governor in his stead. (Ibid, vol. 15.)

1715. John St. Leger writes to his landlords on 28 July that he has received a letter from Lieutenant William Douglas, who was taken prisoner on board an Antigua sloop and carried into Brest. All the papers which that officer was bringing home from Governor Walter Douglas had to be thrown overboard. (Ibid, vol. 12.)

1721, Oct. 4. Our Agent, Sir John St. Leger, is of too near relationship to the Governor (Governor Walter Douglas), and of no use. (Minutes of Assembly.) On 4 Feb. 1721 he was described as the Middle Temple. On the same day William Douglas, Esq., petitioned for land in and W. 50 feet by E. and 60 feet, bounded N. with Norris Street, S. with James Street, E. with Taylor Street, W. with Hicksman Bird, which was granted.

1721, Dec. 1. Grant by Walter Douglas, Esq., Governor, to John Douglas, Esq., Chargeman-General of the Leeward Islands, of a plantation in Carribonere, St. Christopher's, for three years. Recorded 7 Dec. 1714.

1714. Henry Douglas, then Provost-Marshal-General.

1715. Sir John St. Leger made a Baron of the Court of Exchequer in Ireland. (Ibid, vol. 12.)

1717. Petition of Ensign John Douglas, Gent, that Queen Anne on 3 Nov., in the 10th year of her reign, granted to Sir John St. Leger, Esq., now one of the Barons of the Exchequer in Ireland, James Douglas of Londonderry, Doctor of Physick, and John Thomson of Norris, Esq., a plantation in St. Christopher's, French land, for three years, for the use of petitioners. Petitioner's parents desire a grant of it for him.

By a return made in 1717 it appears that Walter
Douglas had no land in the English, but 460 acres and 150 slaves in the French quarter. (C. T. Leeward Islands, vol. 15.)

1715. ruga John Douglas, son to Walter Douglas, Esq. His mother manages his estate. (Ibid.)

1719-20. 29 Jan. Mr. James George Douglas petitioned the Lords of Trade in London, that he had a grant of land from the French, but his claim was rejected.


1730. Governor Hart says: The late Governor Douglas's estate of 560 acres was in trust for his son John, and was heavily mortgaged. (Amer. and West Indies, Nov. 1, 1730.)

1733. Sir James Douglas, Esq., was in possession of a plantation called Calabash, which he granted to John Ward in 1731. (C. T. Leeward Islands, vol. 18.)

The laws of the island of Trinida report boldly against the sale of the Douglas Plantation. It is stated that John Douglas, son of Walter Douglas, late Captain-General, was granted about 1728. Mrs. Douglas, his mother, came to England that year, and mortgaged all the estate, etc., to Mr. Bernardin, a merchant in London. Governor Hart lent £600 to John Douglas to enable him to buy back 200 acres of the estate he sold. The estate was never legally sold, but only mortgaged. (Ibid. vol. 19.)

1728 and 1730. John Douglas, then present, as a member of the Board of Trade, was present at the meeting of the Council of St. Christopher's. (Ibid., vol. 28 and 27.)

1730. Oct. 16. George Douglas, Esq., appointed to the Board of Trade. (Ibid., vol. 35.)


1734. James George Douglas then Agent for St. Christopher's.

1734. Ralph Payne appointed a member of the Council of St. Christopher's. The name George Douglas, Esq., is mentioned. (B. T. Leeward Islands, vol. 29.)


1734. May 17. Lady of John St. Legge Douglas, Esq., of a son. (Ibid., p. 204.)


1737. April 27. Miss Douglas, aged 10, daughter to John St. Legge Douglas, member for Woburn, Bedfordshire. (Gentleman's Magazine, p. 286.)

1737. Oct. 24. At St. Christopher's, Robert Douglas, esq., governor of all his Majesty's forts and fortifications in that island. He has left the bulk of his fortune (which is very considerable) to his brother Capt. John Douglas, his Majesty's ship the Terror. (Ibid., 1739, p. 50.)


1738. June 6. At Dyrham Park, Bath, James Douglas, Esq., Admiral of the Red. This office was the second son

of Sir James Douglas, of Springfield Park, Earlsborough, Kent, and Bart., by his first wife Helen, daughter of Thomas D. of Springfield, M.D. St. John's, 38.